

HUBUNGAN INTENSITAS PENGGUNAAN MEDIA SOSIAL INSTAGRAM DAN *SELF – ESTEEM* PADA MAHASISWA

ABSTRAK

Adityawardhana, Alessandro Yubilae Airlangga. 2022. Hubungan intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram dan *self-esteem* pada mahasiswa. Yogyakarta: Psikologi, Fakultas Psikologi, Universitas Sanata Dharma.

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan antara intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram dan *self-esteem* pada mahasiswa. Hipotesis yang diajukan dalam penelitian ini yaitu ada hubungan negatif antara intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram dengan *self-esteem* pada mahasiswa. Kriteria subjek dalam penelitian ini yaitu mahasiswa berusia 18-24 tahun yang memiliki akun Instagram. Responden terkumpul sebanyak 312 mahasiswa. Metode pengambilan data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan survei daring atau *Google Form*. Alat pengambilan data yang digunakan berupa skala intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram yang dibuat sendiri oleh peneliti dan skala *self-esteem* dari Rosenberg (RSES) yang telah diadaptasi oleh Palipi. Data penelitian dianalisis menggunakan uji korelasi *Pearson one-tailed* karena data berdistribusi normal. Koefisien korelasi yang diperoleh adalah $r = -0.019$ dengan nilai $p = 0.368$ yang berarti p lebih besar dari 0.05 ($p > 0.05$). Hasil ini menunjukkan tidak ada hubungan antara intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram dan *self-esteem* pada mahasiswa yang berarti hipotesis ditolak.

Kata kunci: intensitas penggunaan media sosial Instagram, media sosial, *self-esteem*, mahasiswa

***RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN INTENSITY OF SOCIAL MEDIA
INSTAGRAM USAGE AND SELF-ESTEEM IN STUDENTS***

ABSTRACT

Adityawardhana, Alessandro Yubilae Airlangga. 2022. Relationship between intensity of social media instagram usage and self-esteem in students. Yogyakarta: Psychology, Psychology Faculty, Sanata Dharma University.

This study aims to determine the relationship between intensity of Instagram social media use and self-esteem in college students. The hypothesis put forward in this study is that there is a negative relationship between intensity of Instagram social media use and student self-esteem. Subject criteria in this study were students aged 18-24 years who had an Instagram account. Respondents were collected as many as 312 students. The data collection method in this study used a online survey or Google Form. The data collection tool was a scale of the intensity use of social media Instagram which was made by the researcher himself and the self-esteem scale from Rosenberg (RSES) which was adapted by Palupi. The research data were analyzed using the one-tailed Pearson correlation test because the data were normally distributed. The correlation coefficient obtained is $r = -0.019$ with a value of $p = 0.368$ which means that p is greater than 0.05 ($p > 0.05$). These results indicate that there is no relationship between the intensity of Instagram social media use and self-esteem in college students, which means the hypothesis is rejected.

Key Word: *intensity of social media Instagram usage, social media, self-esteem, students*

